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AUSTRIA-HUNGARY.

Report from Trieste—Inspection of emigrants—Disinfection of baggage.

Consul Hossfeld reports, May 20, as follows:

The Austrian emigrant ship *Georgia* left this port for New York via Naples, on May 19.

The number of steerage passengers embarked was 688; at the final inspection 3 were rejected.

The number of pieces of baggage disinfected was 223.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Report from Belize, fruit port—Yellow fever.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carson reports as follows: Week ended May 25, 1905. Present officially estimated population, 8,500; number of deaths, 7, including 2 from yellow fever; prevailing disease, yellow fever; general sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, not good.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.	Pieces of baggage disinfected.
May 19	Olympia	41	5	9	0
20	Belize	18	7	0	0
22	Damaraland	6	1	0	0

History of yellow-fever cases and death at Belize.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Carson reports, May 25, as follows:

Confirming my cablegram of the 22d instant to the Bureau, via Puerto Cortez, Honduras, and reading as follows: "Two cases of yellow fever, one death, Belize, Carson," I have the honor to state relative thereto, that the 2 cases of yellow fever occurred in this port on the 16th and 18th instant, respectively. The first death, but the second case, was of Capt. O. B., of the British steamer *Whitehall*, lately wrecked off this coast.

The captain was taken ill on the 18th instant, and was removed from a hotel to the Government Hospital on the 20th, where he died the next day.

I was present by invitation, with Doctor Harrison, assistant colonial surgeon, at the necropsy, and I am firmly of the opinion that death was due to yellow fever. No urinalysis had been made prior to death, but sufficient urine was obtained by catheter to demonstrate by varied chemical tests a very decided trace of albumen. The sclerotica were yellow, capillaries were congested, and the cadaver above the line of hypostasis was of a decided lemon color; the liver was of the same tint.

I did not see this case during life and a clinical record was not obtainable.